#### AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

#### LISTING OF CLAIMS

## Claim 1 (previously presented)

- 1. A method for making a metal-insulator-metal capacitor on a substrate comprising the steps of: forming bottom electrodes from a first conducting layer on said substrate;
- depositing a first wide-band-gap insulating layer of silicon dioxide on said bottom electrodes;

depositing a high-k dielectric film over said first
wide-band-gap insulating layer;

depositing a second wide-band-gap insulating layer

of silicon dioxide on said high-k dielectric film;

forming top electrodes from a second conducting

layer on said second wide-band-gap insulating layer.

#### Claim 2 (original)

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2. The method of claim 1, wherein said bottom electrodes and said top electrodes are formed from a material selected from the group that includes titanium nitride, tantalum nitride, tungsten nitride, ruthenium, iridium, iridium oxide, and platinum, and is deposited to a thickness of between about 200 and 1000 Angstroms.

## Claim 3 (previously presented)

3. The method of claim 1, wherein said <u>silicon dioxide</u>

<u>has a band gap of greater than about 8 eV.</u> first and

<u>said second wide-band-gap insulating layers are</u>

<u>materials selected from the group that includes silicon</u>

<u>dioxide and aluminum oxide</u>.

## Claims 4-9 (original)

- 4. The method of claim 1, wherein said high-k dielectric film is a material selected from the group that includes tantalum pentoxide, silicon nitride, titanium oxide, zirconium oxide, and hafnium oxide.
- 5. The method of claim 4, wherein said high-k dielectric film is deposited by physical vapor deposition.
- 6. The method of claim 4, wherein said high-k dielectric film is deposited by chemical vapor deposition.
- 7. The method of claim 4, wherein said high-k dielectric film is deposited by atomic layer chemical vapor deposition.
- 8. The method of claim 4, wherein said high-k

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dielectric film is deposited to a thickness of between about 50 and 800 Angstroms.

9. The method of claim 4, wherein said high-k dielectric film is treated in a gas selected from the group that includes oxygen, nitrogen, nitrous oxide, and ammonia, and rapid thermally annealed at a temperature of between about 300 and 700°C for a time of between about 1 and 260 seconds.

### Claim 10 (previously presented)

10. A method for making a metal-insulator-metal capacitor on a substrate comprising the steps of:

forming bottom electrodes composed of titanium nitride on said substrate;

depositing a first wide-band-gap insulating layer composed of aluminum oxide on ever said bottom electrodes, whereby said aluminum oxide has a band gap greater than about 8 eV;

depositing a high-k dielectric film composed of

tantalum pentoxide over said wide-band-gap insulating
layer;

depositing a second wide-band-gap insulating layer composed of aluminum oxide on ever said high-k dielectric film, whereby said aluminum oxide has a band gap greater than about 8 eV;

forming top electrodes composed of titanium nitride

over said second wide-band-gap insulating layer.

### Claims 11 (original)

11. The method of claim 10, wherein said bottom electrodes and said top electrodes composed of titanium nitride have a thickness of between about 200 and 1000 Angstroms.

### Claim 12 (previously presented)

12. The method of claim 10, wherein said first and said second wide-band-gap insulating layers composed of aluminum oxide have a thickness of between about 10 and 50 Angstroms.

#### Claims 13-15 (original)

- 13. The method of claim 10, wherein said high-k dielectric film composed of tantalum pentoxide has a thickness of between about 50 and 800 Angstroms.
- 14. The method of claim 10, wherein said tantalum pentoxide is deposited by chemical vapor deposition.
- 15. The method of claim 10, wherein said tantalum pentoxide is treated in a gas selected from the group that includes oxygen, nitrogen, nitrous oxide, and ammonia, and is rapid thermally annealed at a
- 5 temperature of between about 300 and 700°C for a time

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of between 1 and 260 seconds.

# Claim 16 (previously presented)

16. A method for making a metal-insulator-metal capacitor on a substrate comprising the steps of: forming bottom electrodes on said substrate; depositing a first wide-band-gap insulating layer of silicon dioxide on said bottom electrodes;

depositing a multilayer of high-k dielectric films over said wide-band-gap insulating layer;

depositing a second wide-band-gap insulating layer
of silicon dioxide on said multilayer;

forming top electrodes over said second wide-bandgap insulating layer.

#### Claims 17-18 (original)

- 17. The method of claim 16, wherein said bottom electrodes and said top electrodes are formed from a material selected from the group that includes titanium nitride, tantalum nitride, tungsten nitride, ruthenium, iridium, iridium oxide, and platinum.
- 18. The method of claim 17, wherein said material is deposited to a thickness of between about 200 and 1000 Angstroms.

## Claim 19 (currently amended)

19. The method of claim <a href="16">16</a> [17], wherein said multi-layer of high-k dielectric films is composed of materials selected from the group that includes tantalum pentoxide, silicon nitride, titanium oxide, zirconium oxide and hafnium oxide.

# Claim 20 (previously presented)

- 20. The method of claim 16, wherein each layer of said multilayer of high-k dielectric films is treated in a gas selected from the group that includes oxygen, nitrogen, nitrous oxide, and ammonia, and rapid
- thermally annealed at a temperature of between about 300 and 700°C for a time of between about 1 and 260 seconds.

#### Claims 21-23 (not entered)